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**BANFF to  
REVELSTOKE**

The eastern gateway to Banff National Park—starting point for an 187-mile drive through superb mountain scenery.

The pleasant meadowland of Mount Revelstoke National Park is accessible by means of a park road which climbs the mountain from the highway near the city of Revelstoke.

**WILDLIFE**

Early morning and dusk are the times for seeing animals. Keep an eye on the woods. During morning and evening driving it is also advisable to control your speed, so you can avoid colliding with animals crossing the highway. At night, your headlights blind animals and increase the risk of collisions. It is your responsibility to spot animals first and make every effort to avoid hitting them. When you want to watch pull over to the shoulder and stop. Don't try to watch them and drive at the same time.

**THE FORESTS**

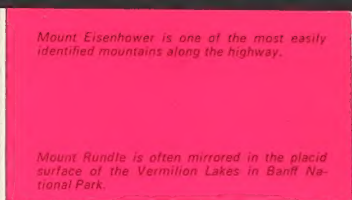
In crossing the mountains, the peaks and glaciers are the most spectacular feature, while the forest slopes, lakes and mountain streams lend grace to the scene. Although the dark mountain forests look very much alike, closer observation will reveal variations. The east slope of the Rockies is dominated by white spruce and lodgepole pine, with Douglas fir providing accent to drier slopes. In Yoho Park, on the west side of the Rockies, the first cedar trees may be seen immediately east of Field townsite. At Emerald Lake a walk in the woods reveals a few hemlock and yew. These are indicators of the transition to forest types of the Selkirk which become dominant on the west side of the Columbia River. Spruce and lodgepole pine are still present but on some slopes the cedar and hemlock, with Western White Pine, dominate, as a result of the greater precipitation in the Selkirks. Campgrounds and other visitor services in the Parks are noted, as well as some picnic areas. However many additional picnic tables may be found along the highway.



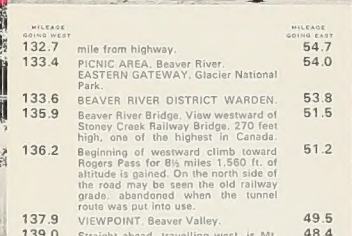
**TRANS-CANADA HIGHWAY GUIDE BETWEEN BANFF AND REVELSTOKE**

MILEAGE GOING WEST		MILEAGE GOING EAST		MILEAGE GOING WEST		MILEAGE GOING EAST	
0.0	EASTERN GATEWAY, BANFF NATIONAL PARK. Calgary is 67 miles eastward.	187.4	14.5	Bridge over Bow River. Mt. Howard Douglas and Mt. Bourgeau ahead travelling west on Trans-Canada.	172.9		
2.9	VIEWPOINT—picnic tables. Mt. Rundle, Bow Valley.	184.5	14.9	VIEWPOINT and picnic tables. Bow River. Massive Ridge. Mt. Cory on ridge, side of valley—look for goat on ridge.	172.5		
4.2	Durhill Hoodoos, on the north side of the highway, are being eroded from a high bank of glacial debris left by glaciers of the last ice age.	183.2	16.0	HEALY CREEK DISTRICT WARDEN ½ M. Access to Sunshine area. Emergency Telephone. Register for overnight trail travel.	171.4		
5.7	JUNCTION—Tunnel Mt. Drive to Hoodoos Viewpoint and Nature Trail, TUNNEL MT. CAMPGROUND 2½ M.	181.7	18.2	Wolverine Creek. View of Hole-in-the-Wall in Mt. Cory across the valley. Picnic area.	169.2		
6.0	JUNCTION—north for: Johnson Lake, Two Jack Lake CAMPGROUND 2 M. Lake Minnewanka Recreational area 4 M. Loop road returns to Trans-Canada at traffic circle M.8.2 (179.2) in 7½ M.	181.4	22.5	Redearth Creek Fire Trail. Trail access to Shadow Lake 9 M. Egypt Lake 13 M. Register with Healy Creek Warden M. 16 (171.4).	164.9		
6.5	Cascade Mountain ahead, driving westward.	180.9	23.2	Redearth Creek.	164.2		
8.2	JUNCTION—traffic circle for East approach to Banff 2 M. North for Minnewanka Loop (see M.6 (181.4) above).	179.2	23.6	VIEWPOINT—Eisenhower Cairn, erected by Kiwanis International in 1958, in view of Mt. Eisenhower, previously known as Castle Mountain. When Scotland honoured General Eisenhower by giving him a Castle following World War II, Prime Minister Mackenzie King of Canada renamed our Castle for General Eisenhower.	163.8		
9.3	Buffalo Paddock at the foot of Cascade Mt. Short circular drive about 1 M.	178.1		Mt. Eisenhower and Mt. Temple, far west, represent the main ranges of the Canadian Rockies, topped with massive beds of Cambrian sedimentary rock. Across the valley Mt. Ishbel and the Sawback range are a contrasting formation of younger rocks, the western member of the front ranges of the Rockies.			
10.1	Fairholme Range ahead travelling east. Mt. Bourgeau travelling west. CAUTION FOR WILDLIFE ON HIGHWAY. Rocky Mt. Sheep, deer, moose may be encountered. Pull over to parking lane for observation, pictures.	177.3	28.7	Copper Lake, almost visible just south of the road.	158.7		
10.8	JUNCTION for west approach to Banff (1 M.). North for Mt. Norquay scenic drive and Cablecar (4 M.). Hotel ½ M. Vermilion Lakes Drive (3 M.) turns off Banff road below Trans-Canada Highway.	176.6	29.2	EISENHOWER JUNCTION—Banff-Windermere (93) highway south up hill to Kootenay National Park. Accommodation 4½ M. No. 1 Alternate northward 5 M. to Eisenhower North Junction with accommodation, gas, restaurant.	158.2		
11.8	VIEWPOINT Mt. Rundle, Vermilion Lakes. Sulphur Mt., Sundance Range, Mt. Bourgeau westward. Look for moose in lakes.	175.6	29.3	Mt. Temple far ahead, travelling west.	158.1		
12.7	VIEWPOINT—see 11.8 (175.6). Rocky Mt. Sheep cross road throughout this area.	174.7	33.8	Storm Mountain ahead, travelling east.	153.6		
14.3	JUNCTION—No. 1 Alternate highway continued on north side of Bow Valley to Lake Louise area, scenic route with picnic areas, 3 campgrounds, 3 bungalow camps.	173.1	34.2	Taylor Creek picnic area, trail to Taylor Lake 3½ M., 2,200 ft. ascent. Protection Mountain northwest.	153.2		

MILEAGE GOING WEST		MILEAGE GOING EAST		MILEAGE GOING WEST		MILEAGE GOING EAST	
40.0	Moraine Creek.	147.4	54.1	Access to PICNIC AREA.	133.3		
40.6	VIEWPOINT—Mt. Temple south of the road. Mt. Waputik and Pulpit Peak far northwest; Mt. Hector, Whitehorn, Lipilian, Protection Mountain across the valley, Eisenhower eastward.	146.8	55.1	Sherbrooke Creek—fisherman's trail.	132.3		
			56.5	VIEWPOINT—Lower Spiral Tunnel in Mount Ogden across valley, Yoho Valley beyond, ringed by peaks: Mt. Wapta, Vice-President, Isolated Peak and Mt. Des Polius with glacier.	130.9		
43.7	JUNCTION with No. 1 Alternate to Banff, following north side of Bow Valley, scenic route with campgrounds, accommodation, picnic areas. See mileage guide over page.	143.7	57.9	VIEWPOINT—abandoned lead and zinc mines in Mt. Stephen and Mt. Field (both sides of valley). Wayside tables.	129.5		
44.0	JUNCTION, Lake Louise east: No. 1 Alternate resumes to Lake Louise Campground 0.6 M.; Accommodation, gas, junction for lower townsite and Trans-Canada at M.45.7 (141.7). Uphill for upper townsite, Lake Louise, Moraine Lake and west. Junction with Trans-Canada at Wapta Lake M.52.8 (134.6).	143.4	58.8	JUNCTION—Yoho Valley. Accommodation, gas, groceries 5 M. Kicking Horse Campground .5 M. Upper Spiral Viewpoint 1.2 M.; Meeting of the Waters 1.5 M. Takakkaw Falls 7 M. CAMPGROUND, Youth Hostel, Warden Patrol Cabin July and August 8.5 M. Register for overnight trail travel. Trails to Twin Falls Tea House, Laughing Falls, Little Yoho, Yoho Glacier.	128.6		
44.1	Trail to Kingfisher Lake, north of road 400 feet.	143.3	60.8	FIELD DISTRICT WARDEN Burgess Pass trail to Emerald Lake, Yoho Valley. Register here or at Park office in townsite for mountain climbing or wilderness camping.	126.6		
44.4	Travelling west, view of Mt. Hector. Mt. Temple south.	143.0	61.1	JUNCTION—Gas FIELD TOWNSITE with Visitor Facilities. Park Office, R.C.M.P. Railway station.	126.3		
45.7	JUNCTION, Lake Louise lower townsite. Park Information near highway. Park Warden, accommodation, groceries, post office. Service stations. Lake Louise Railway Station. Access to Lake Louise 9 M.	141.7	62.7	JUNCTION—Natural Bridge on Kicking Horse River 1 M. Animal Salt Lick. Emerald Lake, accommodation, picnic area, boating, fishing, riding, hiking. Trails to Burgess Pass, Yoho Pass to Yoho Valley; Hamilton Falls and Lake.	124.7		
46.6	JUNCTION—Banff-Jasper Highway 142 M. Park Information Office M.45.7 (141.7).	140.8	62.8	Kicking Horse River.	124.6		
47.1	Bow River from the north.	140.3	66.2	OTTERTAIL DISTRICT WARDEN. Trail access to Ottertail and Goodsir Areas. Register for mountain climbing, wilderness camping.	121.2		
47.7	VIEWPOINT—across the valley: Beehive, Mt. St. Piran, Mt. Niblock.	139.7	66.4	OTTERTAIL RIVER.	121.0		
48.1	Mt. Daly and Bath glacier ahead going west at railway overpass.	139.3	68.2	VIEWPOINT—Emerald Valley NE, ringed by peaks: Carnarvon, President, Vice-President, Balfour is distant glacial ridge. Interesting river pattern near viewpoint, with vegetation marking old meandering stream.	119.2		
49.6	Cathedral Mountain ahead, going west.	137.8	71.1	Finn Creek PICNIC AREA with shelters and stoves.	116.3		
51.0	GREAT DIVIDE. Boundary between Banff and Yoho Parks, and between Alberta and British Columbia. Also watershed from which Kicking Horse flows west to join the Columbia, and east a stream joins the Bow in the river system draining to Hudson's Bay.	136.4	71.9	VIEWPOINT—Kicking Horse River. Mt. King. Beaverfoot Range west.	115.5		
			72.8	VIEWPOINT—Mt. Chancellor, Mt. Vaux. Beaverfoot Range west. Examine rocks for Glacial Striae (scratches), west side of road.	114.6		
51.8	Picnic tables south of highway.	135.6	74.0	PICNIC AREA—fire places, children's play area.	113.4		
52.1	KICKING HORSE PASS, Sink Lake.	135.3	74.8	HOODOOS CAMPGROUND. Access to DISTRICT WARDEN 1 mile. West end of campground: historic site, Beaver Dam Nature Trail. Trail to Hoodoos 2½ miles. Access to Ice River, Beaverfoot areas.	112.6		
52.8	JUNCTION with No. 1 Alternate to Lake Louise (7 M.). Great Divide Picnic Area. Access to Ross Lake.	134.6					
53.7	HECTOR DISTRICT WARDEN at Wapta Lake. Register here for Lake O'Hara, mountain climbing and wilderness camping east of Field. Lake O'Hara trail via Cataract Brook, across road.	133.7					
53.8	PARK INFORMATION, summer.	133.6					
53.9	WAPTA LAKE—Accommodation, restaurant. View of Mt. Victoria north ridge S.E., Cathedral Mt. and Mt. Stephen west, Mt. Richardson east. Bus here for Lake O'Hara 7 M. Trail to Sherbrooke Lake (3 mi.) and Mt. Paget Lookout (3 mi.) at west end of parking area.	133.5					



MILEAGE GOING WEST		MILEAGE GOING EAST	
75.7	Chancellor Peak CAMPGROUND 1 mile, trail to WAPTA FALLS 3 miles.	111.7	
76.3	Leachcoil—C.P.R. station.	111.1	
77.4	PARK INFORMATION OFFICE.	110.0	
78.6	YHO PARK WEST GATE—EAST-BOUND TRAFFIC STOP AND REGISTER GOLDEN 16 M. west	108.8	
79.3	Between Yoho Park and Golden, the Trans-Canada Highway follows the Kicking Horse River through a great canyon which cuts through the western-most range of the Rocky Mountains. Golden is in the Rocky Mountain Trench on the Columbia River which flows northward here between the Rockies and the Purcell-Selkirk ranges. A magnificent viewpoint from the hill above Golden reveals the Trench and the parallel ranges.	108.1	
95.4	GOLDEN—Visitor Services.	92.0	
109.4	JUNCTION—Big Bend Highway—gravel, follows the Columbia to Revelstoke, 177 M.	78.0	
111.5	COLUMBIA RIVER. Donald Station on C.P.R.	75.9	
129.4	Picnic Area.	58.0	
129.9	VIEWPOINT.	57.5	
130.0	GLACIER PARK BOUNDARY.	57.4	
131.7	CAMPGROUND—Mountain Creek. ½	55.7	



MILEAGE GOING WEST		MILEAGE GOING EAST	
132.7	mile from highway.	54.7	
133.4	PICNIC AREA, Beaver River. EASTERN GATEWAY, Glacier National Park.	54.0	
133.6	BEAVER RIVER DISTRICT WARDEN.	53.8	
135.9	Beaver River Bridge. View westward of Stoney Creek Railway Bridge, 270 feet high, one of the highest in Canada.	51.5	
136.2	Beginning of westward climb toward Rogers Pass for 8½ miles 1,550 ft. of altitude is gained. On the north side of the road may be seen the old railway grade, abandoned when the tunnel route was put into use.	51.2	
137.9	VIEWPOINT, Beaver Valley.	49.5	
139.0	Straight ahead, travelling west, is Mt. Macdonald 9,492 ft. alt. which is pierced by Connaught Tunnel on the railway. This mountain forms the eastern rampart of Rogers Pass.	48.4	
140.3	Connaught Creek. Road crosses the creek and the east portal of Connaught Tunnel.	47.1	
140.4	Avalanche mounds on north side of road, seen frequently through the pass, used to break up and disperse snow slides.	47.0	
140.5	Snowsheds, several in 1 mile here, built where major avalanches occur in winter, to make the highway safe for year-round travel.	46.9	
144.3	Accommodation, restaurant, service station. Trail to Balu Pass 5 M. National Park Maintenance Headquarters.	43.1	
144.5	GLACIER DISTRICT WARDEN—Register for climbing, skiing, wilderness camping. Travelling east, Mt. Tupper on north.	42.9	
145.1	SUMMIT OF ROGERS PASS—Site of official opening of Trans-Canada Highway September 3, 1962. Rogers Pass Memorial Arch.	42.3	
145.8	View of Illecillewaet Glacier southward. It has receded about 2,800 feet in 65 years.	41.6	





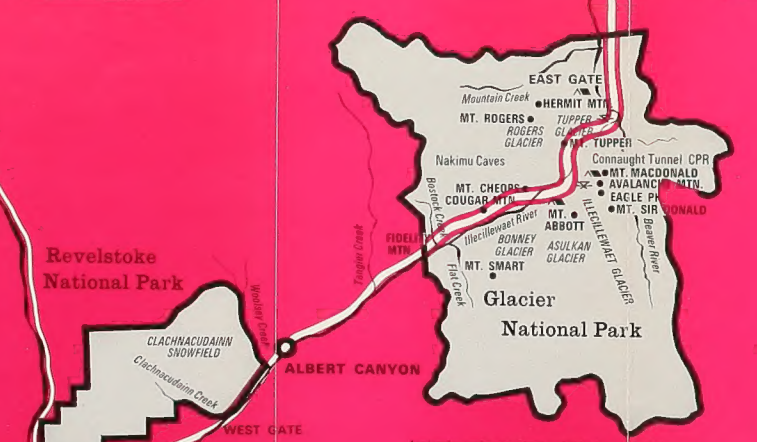
MILEAGE GOING WEST		MILEAGE GOING WEST		MILEAGE GOING EAST	
146.1	Crossing west portal of Connaught railway tunnel.	41.3	23.7	Pilot Pond below the road (not visible).	163.7
146.6	CAMPGROUND—Illecillewaet. ½ M. PICNIC AREA. Site of old Glacier House. Good trails up Illecillewaet, Asulkan valleys.	40.8	25.4	CAMPGROUND—Johnston Canyon. Accommodation, gas. Canyon Trails ½ mile and 2 M. Picnic area on south side of highway.	162.
147.5	GLACIER railway station. View of West portal, Connaught tunnel.	39.9	25.5		161.9
148.5	Stone pillars built to support wooden trestles for original railway grade, to gain elevation for crossing Rogers Pass.	38.9	26.7	VIEWPOINT—good for pictures of Eisenhower, Temple west, Mt. Ishbel east, Storm Mt. and Pilot across the valley. Look for moose on these willow flats.	160.7
148.6	CAMPGROUND—Loop Creek.	38.8	28.9	CAMPGROUND—Mt. Eisenhower.	158.5
148.9	Travelling east, view of Mt. Uto, Eagle and Sir Donald, the highest, altitude 10,818 ft.	38.5	29.3	EISENHOWER DISTRICT WARDEN—Emergency phone. Trail information and registration, Canadian Youth Hostel south of highway.	158.1
155.0	FLAT CREEK DISTRICT WARDEN—Mt. Fidelity on the north.	32.4	29.4	JUNCTION—turn south. 5 M. for Trans-Canada Highway, Banff-Windermere (93). Accommodation, gas, restaurant, Eisenhower Fire Lookout Trail 2½ M.	158.
157.3	GLACIER PARK WEST BOUNDARY.	30.1	32.5	CAMPGROUND—Protection Mountain. View of Protection Mountain north of highway.	153.9
157.5	Three snowsheds in 1 M. protect highway from avalanches in winter. Road between Glacier Park West boundary and Mt. Revelstoke East boundary (11 M.) constructed by B.C. Dept. of Highways.	29.9	36.9	CAMPGROUND—Protection Mountain. View of Protection Mountain north of highway.	150.5
162.7	Clachnacudainn Icefield in Mt. Revelstoke Park, ahead going west, north side.	24.7	38.3	Baker Creek—accommodation, restaurant, picnic area.	149.1
168.5	EASTERN BOUNDARY OF MT. REVELSTOKE NATIONAL PARK. Silver Creek. The Park is north of the highway which traverses its southern perimeter for 8 miles.	18.9	40.5	Mt. Temple, 11,636 across the valley.	146.9
176.2	WEST GATEWAY for Mt. Revelstoke and Glacier National Parks. Trail to Jade Lake 6½ M., 4,400 ft. ascent.	11.2	43.5	Corral Creek Picnic area, Canadian Youth Hostel south of the highway.	143.9
176.4	West boundary of MT. REVELSTOKE PARK—Clachnacudainn Creek.	11.0	44.3	Precambrian Rock outcrop. Oldest formation in the Park.	144.1
185.5	View of Columbia River Valley southward toward Arrow Lakes, Mt. Begbie southwest.	1.9	44.6	JUNCTION—Trans-Canada Highway, (Trans-Canada 43.7 going west).	142.8
186.6	MOUNT REVELSTOKE NATIONAL PARK interchange.	0.8			
187.3	Big Bend Highway JUNCTION—scenic route following Columbia River to Golden 191 M. Gravel road.	0.1			
187.4	Entrance to REVELSTOKE—Visitor Services.	0.0			
	<b>No. 1 ALTERNATE ROUTE BETWEEN BANFF AND LAKE LOUISE</b>				
14.3	JUNCTION WITH TRANS-CANADA.	173.1	44.0	LAKE LOUISE EAST JUNCTION (Trans-Canada 35.5 going west).	143.4
14.4	Picnic Area ½ mile from highway—fire place.	173.	44.6	CAMPGROUND—Lake Louise.	142.8
14.9	Typical Rocky Mountain Sheep Range.	172.5	44.9	Accommodation.	142.5
15.6	Typical Rocky Mountain Goat Range, ridge above road.	171.8	45.0	Gas and garage.	142.4
16.4	VIEWPOINT and Picnic area. Mt. Brett, Pilot Mt. west.	171.	45.1	JUNCTION—1-A uphill for Lake Louise, Moraine Lake, and Trans-Canada west junction at Wapta. East for Banff. West for Railway station and lower townsite, visitor services.	142.3
17.7	Muleshoe Lake, Mt. Brett, Hole-in-the-Wall in Mt. Cory above the road.	169.7	46.4	JUNCTION—Moraine Lake 7 M. Camp-ground, accommodation, trails.	141.
21.4	Picnic area.	166.	46.6	Picnic area.	140.8
22.5	VIEWPOINT at Hillsdale Meadows. Southward Redearth Creek Valley, Mt. Ball at its head, Pilot Mt. left.	164.9	46.8	Accommodation.	140.6
			47.1	JUNCTION—Service Station. Uphill south for ½ mile to Lake, accommodation, restaurant, 1-A continues west.	140.3
			51.6	GREAT DIVIDE—Picnic shelters. Boundary between Banff and Yoho Parks, between Alberta and British Columbia. Watershed.	135.8
			52.3	Trail to Ross Lake 1½ Miles.	135.1
			52.7	KICKING HORSE PASS, Sink Lake.	134.7
			53.6	JUNCTION—Trans-Canada Highway, (Trans-Canada M. 52.8 travelling west).	133.8

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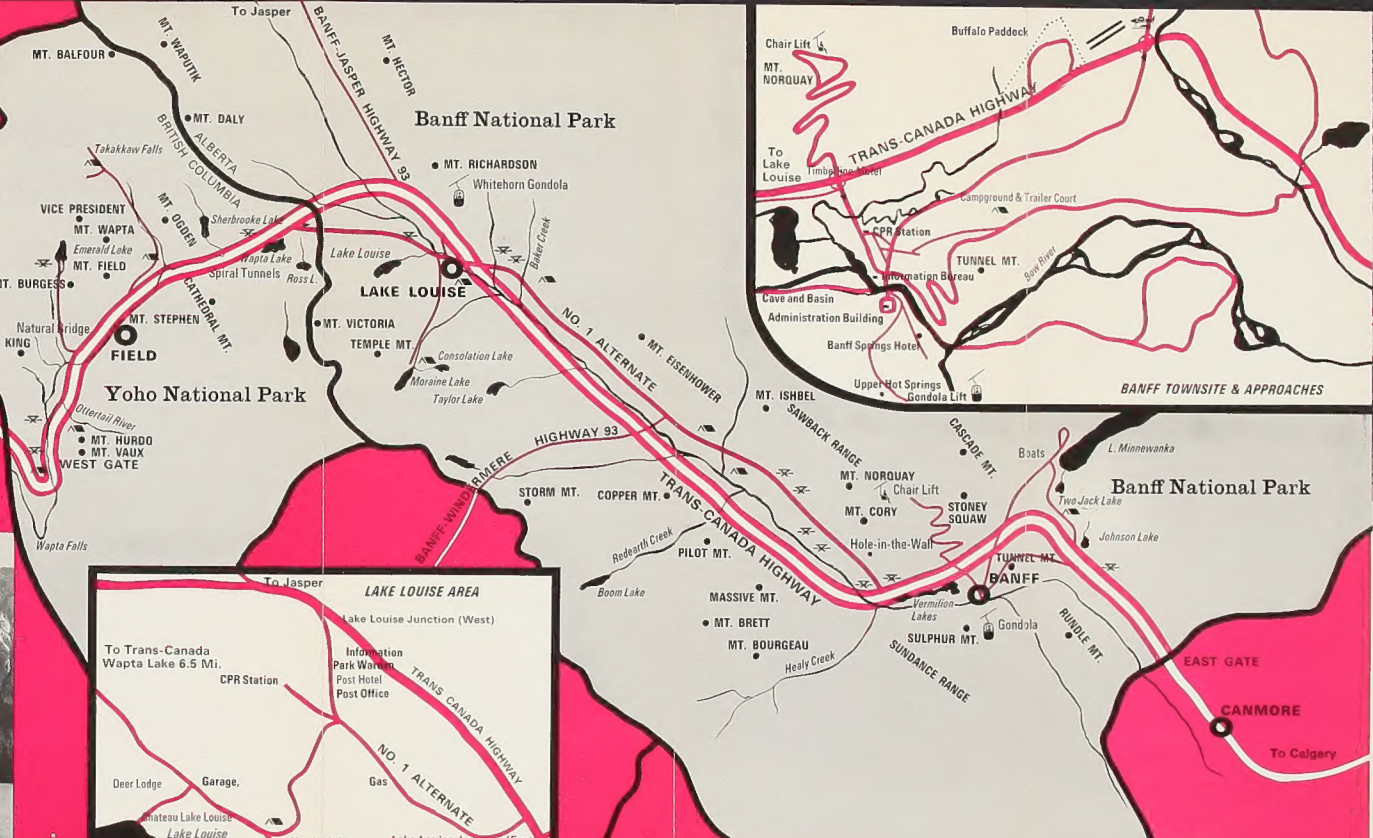
PARK BOUNDARY .....

CAMP GROUNDS .....

PICNIC AREA .....



Mount Burgess in Yoho National Park, with Emerald Lake below.



**NATIONAL PARKS CANADA**

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